

# Life

## UNIT 1

Su.

SUMEYVE OGULTEKIN  
ENGLISH LANGUAGE TEACHER



## – Daily Activities and Weekend Activities

get up/wake up: uyanmak/kalkmak

have/take a shower: duş almak

get dressed: giyinmek

have breakfast: kahvaltı yapmak

leave home: evden ayrılmak

go to school: okula gitmek

get on the school bus: servise binmek

come back home: eve geri dönmek

arrive home: eve varmak

have lunch: öğle yemeği yemek

have a snack: atıştırmak

take a nap: kestirmek

rest: dinlenmek

do homework: ödev yapmak

have dinner: akşam yemeği yemek

watch TV: televizyon izlemek

write a diary: günlük yazmak

go to bed: yatmak

run errands: getir götür işleri yapmak

help dad: babaya yardım etmek

help mum: anneye yardım etmek

attend a course: kursa katılmak

take care of the pet: evcil hayvanla

ilgilenmek

take care of the plants: bitkilerle ilgilenmek

finish all the homework: tüm ödevleri

bitirmek

play chess: satranç oynamak

ride a bicycle: bisiklet sürmek

watch a movie: film izlemek

do the cleaning: temizlik yapmak

do the ironing: ütü yapmak

wash the clothes: kıyafetleri yıkamak

meet friends: arkadaşlarla buluşmak

go jogging: hafif tempolu koşuya gitmek

visit grandparents: büyükanne ve

büyükbabayı ziyaret etmek

# – Telling the Time –



## What time is it?

### 1. o'clock

Tam saatleri söylerken kullanırız.

08:00 – It is eight **o'clock**.

11:00 – It is eleven o'clock

16:00 – It's four o'clock.

### 2. half past

half past: buçuk

07:30 – It is **half past** seven.

13:30 – It is half past one.

22:30 – It is half past ten.

### 3. past

past: geçe

!! Önce dakika daha sonra saat söylenir. !!

06:05

It is five **past** six.

19:20

It's twenty past seven

### 6. quarter past

quarter past: çeyrek geçe

05:15

It is **quarter past** five

21:15

It's quarter past nine

### 5. to

to: kala

!! Önce dakika daha sonra saat söylenir. !!

09:55

It is five **to** ten.

17:40

It's twenty to six

### 4. quarter to

quarter to: çeyrek kala

06:45

It is **quarter to** seven

14:45

It is quarter to three



a.m.: anti meridiem – before noon

p.m.: post meridiem – after noon

Saatlerin önüne “at” getirilir.

I wake up at 7 o'clock.

Günlerin önüne “on”, Ayların önüne “in” getirilir.

- on Friday
- in August

## – Months of the Year –

### Winter months



### Spring months



### Summer months



### Autumn/Fall months



Su.

# – Ordinal Numbers –

1 <sup>st</sup>	the first
2 <sup>nd</sup>	the second
3 <sup>rd</sup>	the third
4 <sup>th</sup>	the fourth
5 <sup>th</sup>	the fifth
6 <sup>th</sup>	the sixth
7 <sup>th</sup>	the seventh
8 <sup>th</sup>	the eighth
9 <sup>th</sup>	the ninth
10 <sup>th</sup>	the tenth
11 <sup>th</sup>	the eleventh
12 <sup>th</sup>	the twelfth
13 <sup>th</sup>	the thirteenth
14 <sup>th</sup>	the fourteenth
15 <sup>th</sup>	the fifteenth

16 <sup>th</sup>	the sixteenth
17 <sup>th</sup>	the seventeenth
18 <sup>th</sup>	the eighteenth
19 <sup>th</sup>	the nineteenth
20 <sup>th</sup>	the twentieth
21 <sup>st</sup>	the twenty-first
22 <sup>nd</sup>	the twenty-second
23 <sup>rd</sup>	the twenty-third
24 <sup>th</sup>	the twenty-fourth
25 <sup>th</sup>	the twenty-fifth
26 <sup>th</sup>	the twenty sixth
27 <sup>th</sup>	the twenty-seventh
28 <sup>th</sup>	the twenty-eighth
29 <sup>th</sup>	the twenty-ninth
30 <sup>th</sup>	the thirtieth
31 <sup>st</sup>	the thirty-first

- January is the 1<sup>st</sup> month of the year.
- March is the 3<sup>rd</sup> month of the year.
- July is the 7<sup>th</sup> month of the year.

1. What is the 9<sup>th</sup> month?

\_\_\_\_\_.

2. What is the 2<sup>nd</sup> month?

\_\_\_\_\_.

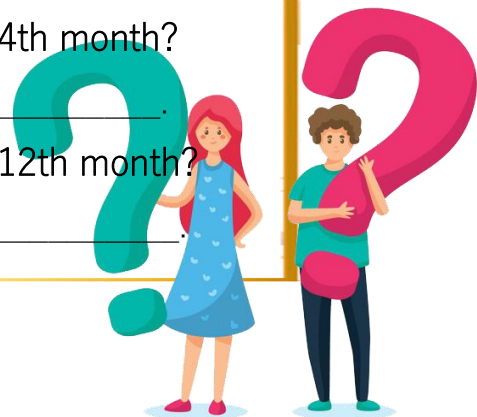
3. What is the 4<sup>th</sup> month?

\_\_\_\_\_.

4. What is the 12<sup>th</sup> month?

\_\_\_\_\_.

*Su.*



## – Dates –

What is the date today?



Tarihleri iki şekilde söyleyebiliriz.

23.09.2020

the twenty-third of September, two thousand and twenty.

01.03.2014

March the first, two thousand and fourteen

When is your birthday?

- My birthday is on the 8th of June.

When is Tom's birthday?

- His birthday is on the 25th of October.

Su.

# - Simple Present Tense -

-Simple Present Tense (**Geniş Zaman**)'i günlük yaptığımız aktivitelerden, alışkanlıklarımızdan ve hobilerimizden bahsederken kullanırız.

## Time Expressions

every day/every morning/every week/on Sundays  
on weekdays/at nights

## Positive (+)

I  
You  
We  
They

get up early.

He  
She  
It

gets up early.

## Negative (-)

I  
You  
We  
They

do not take a nap.  
**don't take** a nap.

He  
She  
It

does not take a nap.  
**doesn't take** a nap.

## Question (?)

**Do**

I  
you  
we  
they

play tennis?

**Does**

he  
she  
it

play tennis?

Answer: Yes, I do./No, I don't.  
Yes, she does.  
No, she doesn't.

## WH Questions (?)

What?

Where?

When?

Which?

How?

How often?

What time do you get up?

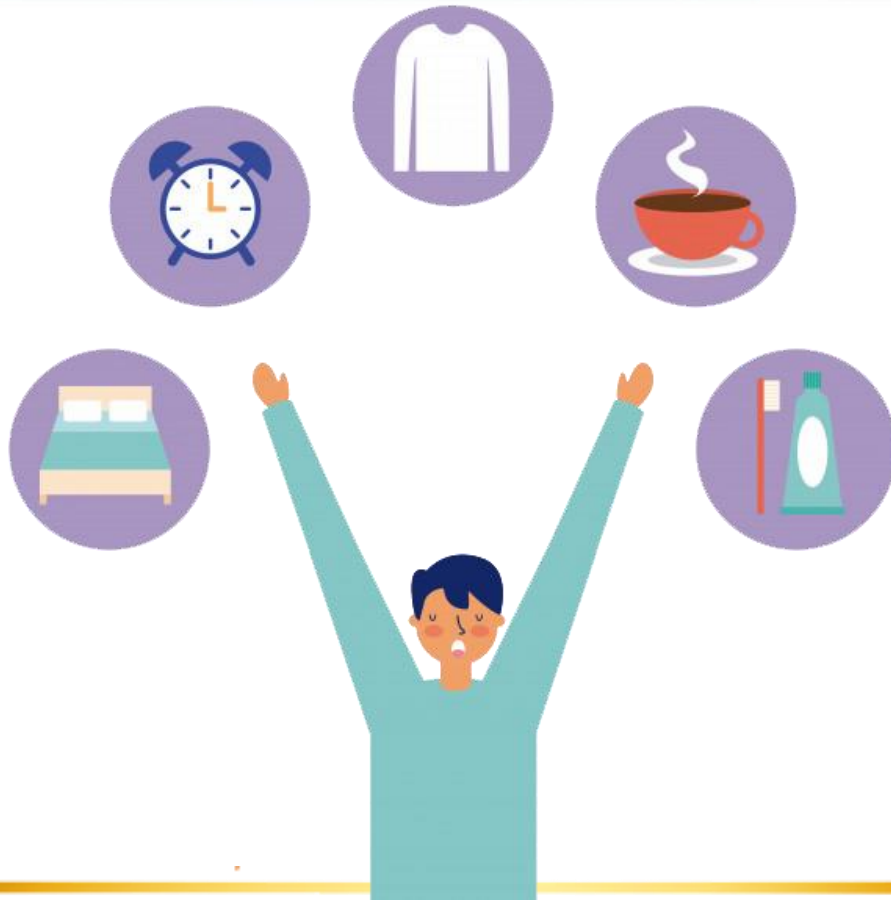
-I get up at 7 o'clock.

How does he go to school?

-He goes to school by bus.

Which course do they have on Saturday?

-They have English course.



This is Jack.

- He gets up at half past seven in the morning.
- He has breakfast and drinks his coffee at quarter to eight.
- He leaves home at 8 a.m.
- He goes to school by bus.
- He comes back home at 3 p.m.
- He rests and does his homework.
- He reads book every day.
- He goes to bed at 10 o'clock.
- He takes folk dance course on Sundays.
- He meets with friends every weekend.

*Su.*